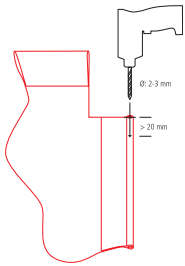


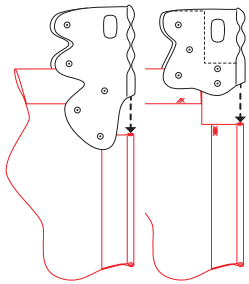
1. Measure and do the cutout

30 mm from the back of the keder and in; 70 mm (CF)/ 50 mm (KCF) from top edge and down. Cut out with a pair of sharp scissors or Stanley knife.



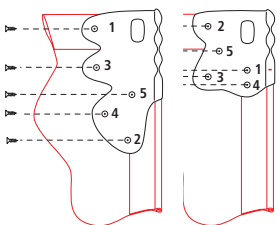
2. Drill hole in keder for spike

Use a 2 or 3 mm drill to make a cavity in which the spike will be lowered. Drill down in the center of the keder in the excess of 20 mm.



3. Lower the Coverfeed®

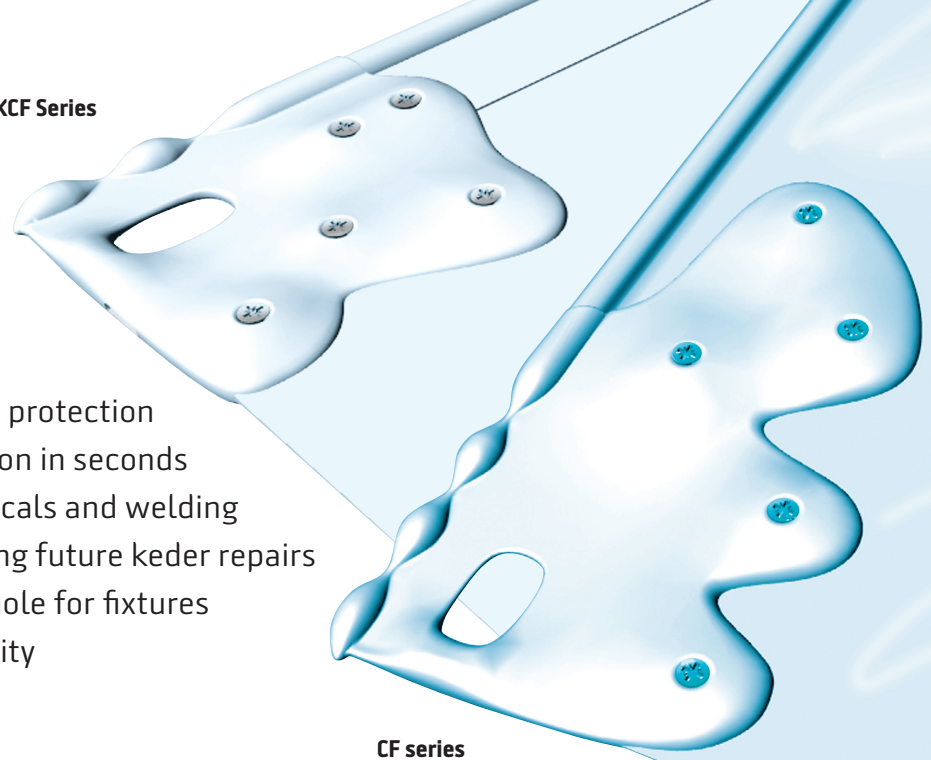
Insert the tent corner in between the slit of the coverfeed® and lower. Make the spike go down the cavity and lower all way down.



4. Fix with 5 screws

Use stainless flathead countersunk chipboard screws in the length 10 mm (i.e. Bossard, BN 1426). Fix them in the suggested order to avoid wrinkles.

KCF Series



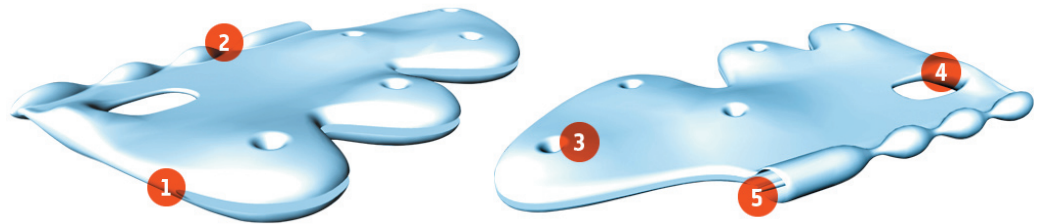
- Complete protection
- Installation in seconds
- No chemicals and welding
- Eliminating future keder repairs
- Build-in hole for fixtures
- High quality
- Durable
- Reliable

CF series

REVOLUTIONARY TENT, MARQUEE AND AWNING FITTING:

NEW | Introducing the end of damaged keders

Keders fed into grooves, will eventually experience an unavoidable chafe and tear, ultimately resulting in breakdowns, usage delays, frustrations and expenses in repairs. With Coverfeed®; No more...



1. Protective edge The coverfeed® protects the edge of the textile leading up to the fitting by being covered inside the slit, so battering during installment is kept at a minimum and endurance up to max. **2. The Ripple-slug®** The slug going inside the groove is rippled in diameter in order to flex properly, when turning corners in a tent frame's knee. **3. Fixture by screws** The coverfeed® is fixed by 5 chipboard screws, piercing through the textile, though not cutting the reinforcing threads inside the textile and compromising strength, making the fixture completely stable. The sockets are countersunk on the screw head side of the Coverfeed® to avoid uneven shapes. See measurement Table for screw lengths and specifications. **4. Reinforced hole for fastening** The hole is designed to accommodate the stresses from pulling the tent with rope from one side of the frame to the other. The edge of the hole is bulging in surface, adding material, distributing the loads evenly over the surfaces. **5. The Spike and Keder collar** The pointy spike allows the keder, when inserted, to be kept in precise alignment to the whole fixture. The keder is protected by a thin collar and fixed by the spike, avoiding exposure of the keder end and fragile leading edge of the textile.

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